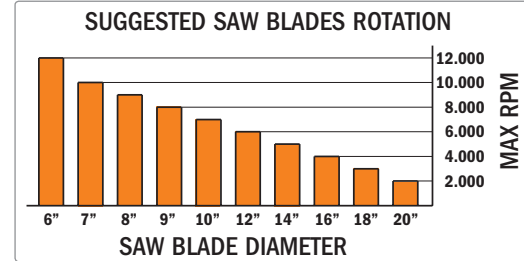


Safety Recommendations

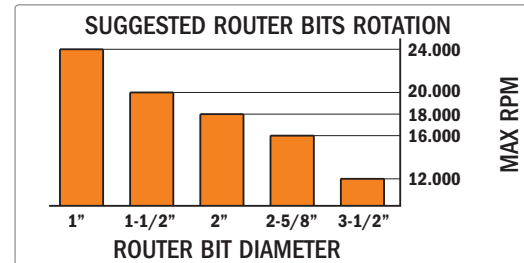
Saw blade safety

- ALWAYS** thoroughly check all blades for damage and flaws before using. Do not use blades with missing or damaged teeth.
- ALWAYS** wear safety glasses and ear protection when using power tools.
- ALWAYS** thoroughly read the owners manual and manufacturer's instructions before working with tools.
- ALWAYS** use a fence and splitter when using the table saw. Do not make freehand cuts.
- ALWAYS** use pusher blocks or a pusher stick, especially when working with small or narrow pieces.
- ALWAYS** unplug your saw before cleaning or adjusting the tool, or before making blade changes.
- ALWAYS** keep your tools sharpened, clean and stored in a safe place to avoid breakage and accidents and to extend the life of your bits and blades.
- ALWAYS** feed the work against the rotation of the blade on table saws.
- ALWAYS** be sure your workpiece is completely supported, before and after the cut.
- NEVER** remove guards from radial arm saws and miter saws.
- NEVER** remove the splitter or anti-kickback devices from table saws.
- NEVER** use dull or damaged blades.
- NEVER** use blades with missing or chipped teeth.
- NEVER** force the cut or overload the saw.
- NEVER** change blades with the saw plugged in.
- NEVER** make adjustments to any saw while the blade is turning.



Router bits safety

- ALWAYS** thoroughly check all tools for possible flaws before using.
- ALWAYS** wear safety glasses and ear protection.
- ALWAYS** thoroughly read the owners manual and manufacturer instructions before using.
- ALWAYS** check that at least 75% of the shank is securely inserted into the collet of the router.
- ALWAYS** use template guide collars when possible to absorb lateral bit deflection.
- ALWAYS** use a fence when working on the router table.
- ALWAYS** reduce the router speed when working with larger diameter bits.
- ALWAYS** keep your fence adjusted so there is some clearance between the bearing guide and the workpiece.
- ALWAYS** take care to remove large quantities of stock (cross section > 3/8") in more than one run.
- ALWAYS** keep your tools sharpened, clean and stored in a safe place to avoid breakage and accidents and to extend the life of your bits and blades.
- NEVER** use dull or defective, even suspiciously defective, tools.
- NEVER** force the shank entirely into the collet (bottoming out). Leave about a 1/8" space from the bottom.
- NEVER** force the bit into your router or overload the router.



Cutter head safety

- ALWAYS** thoroughly check all cutters for damage and flaws before using.
- ALWAYS** wear safety glasses and ear protection when using power tools.
- ALWAYS** thoroughly read the owners manual and manufacturer's instructions before working with tools.
- ALWAYS** use guards that were supplied with your shaper.
- ALWAYS** use a fence with your shaper. Do not make freehand cuts.
- ALWAYS** use pusher blocks, especially when working with small or narrow pieces.
- ALWAYS** unplug your shaper before cleaning or adjusting the tool, or before making cutter or knife changes.
- ALWAYS** be sure the spindle nut is tight before plugging in the shaper.
- ALWAYS** check that knives are properly and securely installed in the cutterhead when using interchangeable-knife systems.
- ALWAYS** keep your tools sharpened, clean and stored in a safe place to avoid breakage and accidents and to extend the life of your bits and blades.
- ALWAYS** feed the work against the rotation of the knives.
- ALWAYS** be sure your workpiece is completely supported, before and after the cut.
- NEVER** remove guards or any other safety devices from your shaper.
- NEVER** use dull or damaged knives.
- NEVER** force the cut or overload the shaper.
- NEVER** change cutters or knives or make adjustments with the shaper plugged in.
- NEVER** make adjustments to the shaper while the cutter is turning.

